#### **Results for Announcement to the Market**

Key Information		Period from 4
·	Half-year Ended	August 2014 to
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
	\$000	\$000
Revenue from ordinary activities	14,443	6,966
Profit after tax from ordinary activities attributable to members	7,330	4,160
Net profit attributable to members	7,330	4,160

#### **Dividends Paid and Proposed**

No dividend was declared or paid during the period.

#### **Explanation of Key Information**

An explanation of the above figures is contained in the "Review of Operations" included within the attached directors' report.

#### **Net Tangible Assets per Share**

	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2014 \$/Share
Net tangible assets per share (pre tax)	1.250	1.085
Net tangible assets per share (post tax)	1.128	1.013

#### **Control Gained or Lost over Entities in the Period**

There were no changes to control over Entities in the period.

#### **Dividend Reinvestment Plans**

The Company does not have any dividend reinvestment plans in operation.

#### **Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures**

The Company does not have any investments in associates and joint ventures.



# INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 2015

**BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED** 

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Your directors submit the financial report of the Company for the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015.

#### Directors

The names of directors who held office during or since the end of the Period:

David Kirk (Chairman) Paul Wilson
Andrew Bullock Sankar Narayan

Heith Mackay-Cruise

#### **Review of Operations**

The half year to 31 December 2015 has been a successful one for Bailador with three new investments and substantial gains across the portfolio resulting in a 15.5% uplift in the pre-tax NTA for the six months to December 2015 (11.6% post-tax). The Manager remains confident the portfolio is conservatively valued with potential for further gains on realisation.

#### New Investments

BTI made three new investments during the half year to December 2015.

- In September 2015 Bailador invested NZ\$4.0m (AUD\$3.6m) in Straker Translations. Straker is a provider of 24/7 cloud-enabled translation services to businesses of all sizes, including ASX 200 companies. It has over 10,000 customers in more than 20 countries, and 50 global fulltime employees. Straker continues to perform strongly and attracted further investment in December 2015 at a valuation 20% higher than the Bailador September entry enterprise value.
- Also in September, Bailador invested \$2.5m in Stackla, a social marketing platform that aggregates user-generated content ("UGC"). Stackla has a world leading platform in this explosive growth industry sector. Already 76% of Stackla's revenue is generated from international markets, with clients including Intel, Ford, Helloworld and Unilever.]
- In October, Bailador invested \$2.5m in Rezdy, an online SaaS software package for Tours and Activity ("TAA") operators and a B2B marketplace that aggregates tours and activities for resellers (such as travel agents, concierge desks, OTA's and reservation engines). Rezdy is very well positioned in the \$30bn global TAA market and in January 2016 announced a new strategic partnership with Expedia. Rezdy is similar in nature to another Bailador investee company, SiteMinder, but serves the Tours & Activities space globally.

#### Realisations

In December 2015, Bailador accepted an offer to sell a portion of its holding in SiteMinder at a valuation 45% higher than its previous valuation. Since December 2014, BTI has held its investment in SiteMinder at \$25m. A 45% uplift resulted in a revised valuation of \$36.3M. After selling down \$5m of this holding, BTI's Balance Sheet will report a \$31.3M holding in SiteMinder and an additional \$5M in cash. Bailador maintains its strong position in SiteMinder and retains its board positions and previous contractual protections.

#### Valuations

The Bailador portfolio continues to be valued at either

- Latest third party investment value; or
- Cost plus accrued interest (with revenue multiple cross-checks).

In the half year to 31 December 2015, there were two third party investments into portfolio companies that triggered revaluations of the Bailador portfolio holding value.

- In December 2015, Straker Translations received a further NZ\$1m in funding from a third party investor, who paid a 20% premium to the Bailador capital raise in September. Bailador has increased the value of its holding in Straker accordingly.
- Also in December, Bailador sold a portion of its holding in SiteMinder at an enterprise value 45% above its previous valuation (refer above). Bailador's holding in SiteMinder has been revalued upwards to reflect this new enterprise value.

Portfolio valuations in Viocorp, iPRO, Stackla and Rezdy have grown with accrued interest on convertible instruments and Bailador's revenue multiple cross checks support Bailador's ability to realise the cost plus accrued interest positions on realisation.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **Rounding of Amounts**

The Company has applied the relief available to it in ASIC Class Order 98/100 and accordingly certain amounts in the financial report and the directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest \$1,000.

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

The lead auditor's independence declaration under s 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 2 for the period ended 31 December 2015.

This directors' report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director

Director

Dated this 17th day of February 2016



Chartered Accountants and Business Advisers

### BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED ABN 38 601 048 275

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

#### **SYDNEY**

Level 40 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

GPO Box 3555 Sydney NSW 2001

Ph: (612) 9263 2600 Fx: (612) 9263 2800

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the half-year ended 31 December 2015 there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

HALL CHADWICK Level 40, 2 Park Street Sydney NSW 2000

Hulf Chadenek

DREW TOWNSEND Partner

Dated: 17 February 2016

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# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note	Half Year Ended 31 December 2015	Period from 4 August 2014 to 31 December 2014
		\$000	\$000
Revenue	2	14,344	6,868
Interest income		99	99
Accounting fees		(73)	-
ASX fees		(25)	(8)
Audit fees		(23)	(19)
Custody fees		-	(8)
Directors' fees		(101)	(62)
Due diligence costs		(59)	-
Initial public offer costs		-	(784)
Legal fees		(144)	-
Manager's fees		(637)	(148)
Manager's performance fees		(2,659)	-
Other expenses		(250)	(11)
Profit before income tax		10,472	5,926
Income tax expense		(3,142)	(1,767)
Profit for the period		7,330	4,160
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the period		7,330	4,160
Earnings per share			
<ul> <li>basic earnings per share (cents)</li> </ul>		11.74	6.67
<ul> <li>diluted earnings per share (cents)</li> </ul>		11.74	6.67

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note	As at 31 December 2015	As at 30 June 2015
		\$000	\$000
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		7,672	13,759
Trade and other receivables		182	46
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		7,854	13,805
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial assets	3	72,735	54,722
Deferred tax assets		1,038	605
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		73,772	55,327
TOTAL ASSETS		81,626	69,133
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables		2,515	926
Current tax liabilities		1,411	341
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,926	1,267
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities		7,220	4,715
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,220	4,715
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,146	5,982
NET ASSETS		70,481	63,150
EQUITY			
Issued capital	4	55,379	55,379
Share option reserve	4	3,748	3,748
Retained earnings		11,353	4,023
TOTAL EQUITY		70,481	63,150

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Company	Note	Ordinary Share Capital	Share Option Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Company		\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Balance at 4 August 2014		-	-	-	-
Comprehensive income	•				_
Profit for the period				4,160	4,160
Total comprehensive income for the period		_		4,160	4,160
Transactions with owners, in their capacity as owners, and other transfers					
Shares and options issued during the period	4	58,715	3,748	-	62,463
Deferred tax on opening cost base taken to issued capital		(2,914)	-	-	(2,914)
Transaction costs, net of tax	. <u>-</u>	(421)	_	_	(421)
Total transactions with owners and other transfers	_	55,379	3,748	-	59,127
Balance at 31 December 2014		55,379	3,748	4,160	63,287
Balance at 1 July 2015		55,379	3,748	4,024	63,151
Comprehensive income Profit for the period		-	-	7,330	7,330
Total comprehensive income for the period		_		7,330	7,330
Total transactions with owners and other transfers	_			-	
Balance at 31 December 2015		55,379	3,748	11,354	70,481

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

		Period from
	Half-year Ended 31 December 2015	4 August 2014 to 31 December 2014
	\$000	\$000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Payments to suppliers and employees	(2,524)	(1,296)
Interest received	106	62
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,418)	(1,234)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from sales of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	5,000	-
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	(8,669)	(3,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,693)	(3,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issue of shares, net of payouts	_	25,000
Payments relating to costs of initial public offering		(601)
Net cash provided by financing activities		24,399
Net (decrease) / increase in cash held	(6,087)	20,165
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	13,759	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	7,672	20,165

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 December 2015

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant accounting policies

#### a. Basis of Preparation

These general purpose interim financial statements for interim reporting period ended 31 December 2015 have been prepared in accordance with requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134: *Interim Financial Reporting*. The Company is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards. It is recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with the most recent financial statements together with any public announcements made during the half-year.

These interim financial statements were authorised for issue on 17th February 2015.

#### b. Accounting Policies

The same accounting policies and methods of computation have been followed in this interim financial report as were applied in the most recent annual financial statements. The Company has considered the implications of new or amended Accounting Standards, but determined their application to the financial statements is either not relevant or not material..

#### c Accounting Period

Note 2: Profit For The Period

The financial report reflects the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015. Comparatives shown are for the period from 4 August 2014 (being the date of incorporation) to 31 December 2014.

Half Year Ended	
31 December 2015	

Period from 4 August 2014 to 31 December 2014 \$000

The following revenue and expense items are relevant in explaining the financial performance for the interim period:

Fair value gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

14,344 6,868

\$000

During the period, investments in six of seven financial assets held by the entity increased in value. In particular, revaluation of the investment in SiteMinder contributed revenue of \$11,287,776 and revaluation of Straker Translations a further \$809,207. Valuation methodology of all financial assets is consistent with the methodology in the most recent annual financial statements.

Note	3.	Financia	2tappA I

	As at 31 December 2015	As at 30 June 2015	
	\$000	\$000	
SiteMinder	31,288	25,000	
SMI	5,500	5,500	
Viocorp	20,164	18,474	
iPRO	6,164	5,748	
Straker Translations	4,502	-	
Stackla	2,565	-	
Rezdy	2,552	-	
	72,735	54,722	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

NOTE 4: ISSUED CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTION RESERVE		
Movements in share capital are set out below:		
	No.	\$
Opening balance at 4 August 2014	1	1
Ordinary shares issued during the period	62,462,892	58,715,118
Less Deferred tax on opening cost base taken to issued capital		(2,914,281)
Less Costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares		(421,428)
Closing balance at 31 December 2014	62,462,893	55,379,410
Opening balance at 1 July 2015	62,462,893	55,379,410
Ordinary shares issued during the period	-	-
Closing balance at 31 December 2015	62,462,893	55,379,410
Movements in share option reserve are set out below:		
	No.	\$
Opening balance at 4 August 2014	-	-
Options issued during the period	62,462,892	3,747,774
Total Options at 31 December 2014	62,462,892	3,747,774
Opening balance at 1 July 2015	62,462,892	3,747,774
Options issued during the period	-	-
Total Share Capital and Options at 31 December 2015	62,462,892	3,747,774

#### **Note 5: Operating Segments**

The Company has one operating segment: Internet Related Businesses. It earns revenue from gains on revaluation of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, interest income and other returns from its investments. This operating segment is based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Directors in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources. There is no aggregation of operating segments.

The company invests in securities recorded as financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **Note 6: Contingent Liabilities**

During 2014, the Company entered into a contract appointing the Manager to manage the investment portfolio of the Company, whereby the Manager would receive a performance fee on certain conditions being met. The performance fee accrued during the period is based on current gains on the investment portfolio and is contingent upon no substantial losses being incurred in the second half of the year.

#### Note 7: Events After the End of the Interim Period

The directors are not aware of any significant events since the end of the interim period.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 December 2015

#### Note 8: Fair Value Measurement

#### a. Valuation Techniques

In the absence of an active market for an identical asset or liability, the Company selects and uses one or more valuation techniques to measure the fair value of the asset or liability. The Company selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Company are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- Market approach: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- Income approach: valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.
- Cost approach: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Company gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable

The Australian Private Equity and Venture Capital Association (AVCAL) has prepared the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Guidelines (Valuation Guidelines). The Valuation Guidelines set out recommendations on the valuation of private equity investments which are intended to represent current best practice. The Directors have referred to the Valuation Guidelines in order to determine the "fair value" of the financial asset.

The "fair value" of the financial asset is assumed to be the price that would be received for the financial asset in an orderly transaction between knowledgebale and willing but not anxious market participants acting at arm's length given current market conditions at the relevant measurement date. Fair value for unquoted or illiquid investments is often estimated with reference to the potential realisation price for the investment or underlying business if it were to be realised or sold in an orderly transaction at the measurement date, regardless of whether an exit in the near future is anticipated and and without reference to amounts received or paid in a distressed sale.

AVCAL suggests that one or more techniques should be adopted to calculate a private equity investment based on the valuer's opinion of which method or methods are considered most appropriate given the nature, facts and circumstances of the particular investment. In considering the appropriateness of each technique, AVCAL suggests the economic substance of the investment should take priority over the strict legal form.

AVCAL provides guidance on a range of valuation methodologies that are commonly used to determine the value of private equity investments in the absence of an active market, including:

- price of recent investments;
- earnings multiples;
- revenue multiples;
- net asset values;
- discounted cash flows of the underlying assets
- discounted cash flows of the investment; and
- industry valuation benchmarks.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 December 2015

#### Note 8: Fair Value Measurement

#### b. Financial Instruments

The following table represents a comparison between the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and liabilities:

	31 December 2015		30 June 2015	
	Carrying Amount \$000	Fair Value \$000	Carrying Amount \$000	Fair Value \$000
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	7,672	7,672	13,759	13,759
Trade and other receivables	182	182	46	46
Financial assets	72,735	72,735	54,722	54,722
	80,588	80,588	68,527	68,527
Financial liabilities:				
Trade and other payables	2,515	2,515	926	926
	2,515	2,515	926	926

#### c. Recurring and Non-recurring Fair Value Measurement Amounts and the Level of the Fair Value Hierarchy within which the Fair Value Measurements Are Categorised

#### Fair Value Measurements at 31 December 2015 Using:

		. a value incucaremente at c. 2000m20. 2010 comg.		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets \$000	Significant Observable Inputs Other than Level 1 Inputs \$000	Significant Unobservable Inputs \$000
Description	Note	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	47,071	25,664
		-	47,071	25,664

#### d. Valuation Techniques and Inputs Used to Determine Level 2 Fair Values

Fair Value at	Valuation Techniques	Inputs Used
31 Dec 2015		
\$000		

	****		
SiteMinder	31,288	Price of recent third party transaction	Price of recent third party transaction
iPRO	6,164	Price of recent third party transaction	Price of recent third party transaction
Straker Translations	4,502	Price of recent third party transaction	Price of recent third party transaction
Stackla	2,565	Price of recent third party transaction	Price of recent third party transaction
Rezdy	2,552	Price of recent third party transaction	Price of recent third party transaction

There were no changes during the period in the valuation techniques used by the Company to determine Level 2 fair values.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 December 2015

#### Note 8: Fair Value Measurement

#### e. Valuation Techniques and Inputs Used to Determine Level 3 Fair Values

	Fair Value at 31 Dec 2015 \$000	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range of Unobservable Inputs
Viocorp	20,164	Cost plus accrued interest Revenue multiple	Interest on convertible notes Revenue multiple	2.0x – 5.0x
SMI	5,500	Cost plus accrued interest Revenue multiple	Revenue multiple	3.0x – 8.0x

There were no changes during the period in the valuation techniques used by the Company to determine Level 3 fair values.

#### f Sensitivity Information

The relationships between the significant unobservable inputs and the fair value are as follows:

Inputs	Impact on Fair Value from Increase in Input	Impact on Fair Value from Decrease in Input
Revenue multiple	Increase	Decrease
Cost plus accrued interest	Increase	Decrease

There were no significant interrelationships between unobservable inputs except as indicated above.

g	Reconciliation of Recurring Fair Value Measurement Amounts (Level 3)	Financial Assets \$000
	Opening balance at 30 June 2015	54,722
	Additions/purchases made during the Period	-
	Gains and losses recognised in profit or loss	1,690
	Transfers out of Level 3	(30,748)
	Closing balance at 31 December 2015	25,664

#### **Note 9: Related Party Transactions**

All transactions with related parties are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions, and include:

- a) Management fees paid and accrued under the agreement with the Manager as outlined in the most recent financial statements. Management fees paid or payable for the period 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015 were \$636,544.
- b) Performance fees paid and accrued under the agreement with the Manager as outlined in the most recent financial statements. Performance fees paid or payable for the period 1 July 2015 to 31 December 2015 were \$2,658,817.
- c) Directors' fees paid or accrued for the half-year to 31 December 2015 for Andrew Bullock were \$30,000
- d) Directors' fees paid or accrued for the half-year to 31 December 2015 for Sankar Narayan were \$30,000
- e) Directors' fees paid or accrued for the half-year to 31 December 2015 for Heith Mackay-Cruise were \$30,000
- f) GST paid on Directors' fees where the Company could not claim an input tax credit amounted to \$10,858.

#### **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Bailador Technology Investments Limited, the directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 3 to 16, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - a. complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134: Interim Financial Reporting; and
  - b. giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2015 and of its performance for the period ended on that date.
- 2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Director	Daniel 11-1
	David Kirk
Director	P.W.D.
	Paul Wilson

Dated this 17th day of February 2016



Chartered Accountants and Business Advisers

### BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED ABN 38 601 048 275

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

#### Report on the Half-year Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report of Bailador Technology Investments Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2015, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Half-year Financial Report

The directors of Bailador Technology Investments Limited are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410: Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including: giving a true and fair view of Bailador Technology Investments Limited's financial position as at 31 December 2015 and its performance for the half-year ended on that date, and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134: Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As the auditor of Bailador Technology Investments Limited, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### SYDNEY

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### BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED ABN 38 601 048 275

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BAILADOR TECHNOLOGY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report of Bailador Technology Investments Limited is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of Bailador Technology Investments Limited's financial position as at 31 December 2015 and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with AASB 134: Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

HALL CHADWICK

Level 40, 2 Park Street

Half Chadwick

Sydney NSW 2000

**DREW TOWNSEND** 

**Partner** 

Dated: 17 February 2016